



Fire and Emergency Services Bylaw

BYLAW NO. 16 - 2016

Disclaimer:

This information has been provided solely for research convenience. Official bylaws are available from the Office of the City Clerk and must be consulted for purposes of Interpretation and application of the law.

BYLAW No. 16 - 2016

The Swift Current Fire and Emergency Services Bylaw

A bylaw of the City of Swift Current, in the Province of Saskatchewan, for the preservation of life, the prevention of fires, the prevention of spread of fire, and the provision of emergency services.

Pursuant to Section 8 of *The Cities Act* and Section 49 of *The Fire Safety Act*, the City of Swift Current enacts as follows:

PART I – SHORT TITLE AND INTERPRETATION

1. SHORT TITLE

This Bylaw may be cited as “The Swift Current Fire and Emergency Services Bylaw”.

2. PURPOSE

The purpose of this bylaw is to:

- a) continue the Fire Department as an established department of the *City*;
- b) provide for fire prevention, suppression and protection services;
- c) provide for the storage and handling of *flammable liquids, combustible liquids, dangerous goods, hazardous substances and waste dangerous goods*;
- d) provide for inspection of *buildings, structures and premises* in relation to fire safety;
- e) provide for rescue and emergency response services;
- f) regulate the sale and use of *fireworks* and pyrotechnics; and
- g) adopt, revise, vary and modify the *National Fire Code* of Canada.

3. DEFINITIONS

In this Bylaw:

“**Act**” means *The Fire Safety Act*, being Chapter F-15.011 of the Statutes of Saskatchewan and any *Act* passed by the Legislature of Saskatchewan to amend or replace the *Act*;

“**authority having jurisdiction**” referred to throughout the *National Fire Code* of Canada means the *Fire Chief* or his designate;

“balcony” means a platform with a rail or balustrade, on the outside of a *building*, with access to an upper storey door or window;

“Bylaw Enforcement Officer” means any person appointed by *Council* to represent the *City*, pursuant to Section 337 of *The Cities Act*;

“Chief Administrative Officer” means the person hired by *Council* as the head of all *City* departments and operations;

“City” means the municipal corporation of the City of Swift Current or the geographical area within the *City Limits*, as the context requires;

“Council” means the elected *Council* of the *City*;

“Court” means the Court of Queen’s Bench;

“Department” means the Swift Current Fire Department;

“Designated Officer” means any person appointed by the Chief Administrative Officer, pursuant to Section 2 (l) of *The Cities Act*;

“fire alarm system” means a system consisting of a control unit and a combination of electrically interconnected devices, which are:

- a) designed and intended to detect a fire condition and to actuate an alarm of fire in a *building* or structure; or
- b) manually activate and includes the systems installed throughout any *building* or structure;

“Fire Chief” means the Director of the Swift Current Fire Department employed by the *City* and appointed by *Council* as the local assistant to the fire commissioner, and anyone authorized or delegated to act on behalf of the *Fire Chief*;

“fire lane” means that area designated by a sign or a marking as a fire lane;

“fire pit” means a permanently affixed outdoor fire receptacle or a portable fire receptacle, including chimnea;

“fire protection system” means *fire alarm systems*, sprinkler systems, special extinguishing systems, commercial cooking systems, standpipe and hose systems, and emergency power installations;

“fire route” means any public or private roadway, lane, ramp or other means of vehicular access to or egress from a building and it may include part of a parking lot set aside for use by authorized emergency vehicles;

“fireworks” means explosives that are enclosed in any case or contrivance, or are otherwise manufactured or adapted for the production of pyrotechnic effects, pyrotechnic signals or sound signals and includes any chemical compound or mechanically mixed preparation of an explosive or of a flammable nature that is used for the purpose of making such explosives;

“fireworks display” means a display of *fireworks* intended for the entertainment of the general public or in open view of the public;

“Fireworks Supervisor” means a person who has been certified as a Display Supervisor by the Explosives Regulatory Division of Natural Resources Canada;

“flying lanterns” means any type of unmanned hot air balloon using a flame to create heat in an enclosed space so as to make the balloon rise.

“high hazard fireworks” means *fireworks* classed as Subdivision 2 and Subdivision 3 of Division 2 *fireworks* in the federal regulations, such as model rocket engines, rockets, serpents, shells, bombshells, tourbillions, maroons, large wheels, bouquets, barrages, bombardos, waterfalls, fountains, batteries, illumination, set pieces, pigeons, and firecrackers;

“low hazard recreational fireworks” means *fireworks* classed as Subdivision 1 of Division 2 *fireworks* in the federal regulations comprised of *low hazard recreational fireworks* generally used for recreation, such as *fireworks* showers, fountains, golden rain, lawn lights, pin wheels, Roman candles, volcanoes and sparklers, but does not include Christmas crackers or caps for toy guns;

“Municipal Inspector” means an inspector appointed, in writing, by the *fire chief* in accordance with Section 2 of the *Act*, to enforce the *Act* and this Bylaw.

“National Building Code” means the *National Building Code of Canada, 2010* issued by The National Research Council of Canada, including any amendments made to it from time to time, as modified by *The Uniform Building and Accessibility Standards Act*, and the Regulations passed pursuant to *The Uniform Building and Accessibility Standards Act*, unless otherwise modified by this Bylaw;

“National Fire Code” means *The National Fire Code of Canada, 2010*, issued by The National Research Council of Canada, including any amendments made to it from time to time, as modified by *The Fire Safety Act*, and the Regulations passed pursuant to *The Fire Safety Act*, unless otherwise modified by this Bylaw;

“NFPA” means the National Fire Protection Association;

“occupant” includes:

- (a) a person residing on land or in a *premises*;
- (b) a person entitled to the possession of land or a *premises* if there is no person residing on the land or in the *premises*;
- (c) a leaseholder;

“owner” means any person who has any right, title, estate or interest in land, improvements or *premises* other than that of a mere *occupant*, tenant or mortgagee;

“premises” includes buildings, facilities and structures; **“pyrotechnician”** means a person who has been certified as a *pyrotechnician* by the Explosives Regulatory Division of Natural Resources Canada;

“pyrotechnic special effects” means those *fireworks* that are used in the entertainment industry whether designed specifically for indoor or outdoor use, such as blackpowder bombs, bullet effects, flash powder, smoke compositions, gerbs, lances, and wheels;

“pyrotechnics display” means a display of *pyrotechnic special effects* intended for the entertainment of the public, in open view to the general public, or in a place to which the general public may be admitted, and includes places to which admittance to the general public is restricted by age or by invitation;

“special effects pyrotechnician” means a person who has been certified as a *special effects pyrotechnician* by the Explosives Regulatory Division of Natural Resources Canada;

4. INTERPRETATION

- (2) The words and terms not specifically defined in this Bylaw shall have the meaning prescribed in *The Fire Safety Act*, *The Saskatchewan Fire Code Regulations*, the *National Fire Code of Canada* and the *National Building Code of Canada*.
- (3) Words and phrases not specifically defined in this Bylaw or in the legislation in subsection (1), shall have the meanings which are commonly assigned to them with reference to the context in which they are used and with reference to the specialized use of terms within the various trades and professions to which the terminology applies.

PART II – FIRE DEPARTMENT

5. ESTABLISHMENT

The Swift Current Fire Department is continued as an established department of the *City* pursuant to clause 8(1)(i) of *The Cities Act*.

6. SERVICE DELIVERY

Subject to the provisions in this Bylaw, the *Department* is authorized to provide the following services and to exercise the powers necessary to the provision of these services:

- (a) Fire Protection Services:

- (i) to provide fire prevention including public education and *building* inspections;
 - (ii) to provide fire protection including offensive interior structural firefighting, grasslands firefighting, automotive and machinery firefighting, explosions, and site specific industrial firefighting to meet the needs of properties in the *City*;
 - (iii) reports of odours, suspected carbon monoxide, suspected gas leaks and unusual events;
 - (iv) aircraft rescue firefighting (ARFF) for small single engine aircraft with limited cargo capacity and/or passenger capacity of up to 6 persons.
- (b) *Dangerous Goods/Hazardous Materials Services*:
- (i) response to hazardous materials incidents to the Operations Level with Mission Specific capabilities in the following disciplines:
 1. personal protective equipment (PPE) to Class “A” level;
 2. mass decontamination;
 3. technical decontamination;
 4. product control limited to small spill and releases as defined in the *2012 Emergency Response Guidebook*; and
 5. victim rescue and recovery.
- (c) *Rescue Services*:
- (i) tactical rope rescue services including high angle and low angle rescue;
 - (ii) confined space rescue;
 - (iii) vehicle and machinery rescue including automobile, heavy truck and transport, farm equipment and special machinery;
 - (iv) surface water rescue including land based and in water rescue;
 - (v) small vessel or open water rescue where water is moving slower than a brisk walk;
 - (vi) ice rescue restricted to surface non-entry rescue; and
 - (vii) search and rescue for missing persons in urban or rural settings in support of the RCMP Search and Rescue Team.
- (d) *Emergency Medical Services*:
- (i) response to assist Swift Current Ambulance to life threatening events at the Emergency Medical Technician (EMT) or Primary Care Paramedic (PCP) level; and
 - (ii) the Swift Current Fire Department will not conduct patient transport but may assist Swift Current Ambulance personnel in the transport of patients.

7. AGREEMENTS

- (1) The *Department* may provide service to another municipality, municipal government, Indian band, or other properly constituted authority, organization or agency where an agreement, duly authorized by *Council*, exists with that agency.

- (2) The *Department* shall obtain dispatch services from an outside agency by agreement as approved by *Council*.

8. APPOINTMENT OF FIRE CHIEF AND LOCAL ASSISTANT

The *Fire Chief* shall be hired and appointed in accordance with the *City's* hiring policy and shall be appointed as the Local Assistant to the Fire Commissioner as defined by the *Act* and is continued by this Bylaw.

9. DUTIES OF THE FIRE CHIEF

- (1) The *Fire Chief* is the general manager of the *Department*.
- (2) The *Fire Chief* shall be responsible for administering this Bylaw.
- (3) The *Fire Chief* is responsible for the maintenance of discipline within the *Department* and may make any policies, regulations and operating procedures or guidelines necessary to ensure the safe, effective, professional operation of the *Department*.
- (4) The *Fire Chief* is authorized to further delegate any matter delegated to him or her under this Bylaw.

10. FUNDING

The *Department* shall be funded through taxes, fees for service, contracts, permit fees, or any other funding method as may be established by *Council*.

11. STAFFING

The number of fire fighters shall be as determined by *Council* and provided for in the annual budget. The training and qualifications required of fire fighters shall be as determined by the Fire Chief from time to time.

12. FIRE DEPARTMENT FACILITIES

The *City* shall operate and maintain sufficient fire stations and facilities to meet the response needs of the *Department* and to provide for the storage of fire apparatus and equipment, the training of firefighters, administration, and the provision of public education and fire prevention.

13. FIRE DEPARTMENT EQUIPMENT

The *City* shall provide the *Department* with such apparatus, equipment, clothing, personal protective equipment (PPE) and supplies as necessary to carry out its responsibilities in a safe and efficient manner, as approved in the annual budget.

14. BOUNDARIES

- (1) The *Department* shall respond within the *City* boundaries and provide the services listed in Section 6.
- (2) The *Department* may respond outside *City* limits to provide services to other agencies when authorized by a formal agreement in accordance with Section 7.
- (3) The *Department* may provide specialty rescue services outside *City* limits to areas where no agreement exists, on the authority of the Chief Administrative Officer, if those services can be provided without putting the community at risk due to lack of personnel to respond to incidents within *City* limits.

PART III – FIRE PREVENTION

15. ADOPTION OF THE NATIONAL FIRE CODE OF CANADA

- (1) It is hereby declared that The *National Fire Code* of Canada, 2010, as amended from time to time or any subsequent edition of the *National Fire Code* which may be enacted, shall be in force in the *City*.
- (2) Pursuant to Section 49 of the *Act*, the *National Fire Code* of Canada, 2010 is revised, varied and modified as set forth in this Part.

16. FIRE ALARM SYSTEM MONITORING

Division B, Part 2, Article 2.1.3.1. is amended by adding the following:

2.1.3.1. Fire Alarm, Standpipe, and Sprinkler Systems

- 3) Where a fire alarm system that is required to be installed in accordance with Section 3.2.4. of the National Building Code, is, in the opinion of the *Fire Chief*, not adequately maintained, the *Fire Chief* may require the fire alarm system to be monitored for any alarm or supervisory signal by an alarm monitoring service capable of receiving the signal 24 hours per day and transmitting the signal to the fire department dispatch center.

17. SMOKE ALARMS

Division B, Part 2, Article 2.1.3.3. is repealed and the following substituted:

"2.1.3.3.

Smoke Alarms

- 1) *Smoke alarms* conforming to CAN/ULC-531, "Smoke Alarms" shall be installed in each *dwelling unit* and, except for *care, treatment* or *detention occupancies* required to have a *fire alarm system*, in each sleeping room not within a *dwelling unit*.
- 2) *Smoke alarms* within *dwelling units* shall be installed between each sleeping area and the remainder of the *dwelling unit*, and where the sleeping areas are served by hallways, the *smoke alarms* shall be installed in the hallways.
- 3) *Smoke alarms* shall be installed in accordance with CAN/ULC-S553, "Installation of *Smoke Alarms*".
- 4) *Smoke alarms* shall be inspected and tested in conformance with the manufacturer's instructions or at least every 30 days, whichever is more frequent, to ensure that the *smoke alarms* are still in place and operable.
- 5) *Smoke alarms* are permitted to be battery operated.
- 6) Notwithstanding subsections 4) and 5), where a *building* contains either more than one *dwelling unit*, or one or more *dwelling units* that are not occupied by the *owner* of the *building*, the *owner* shall ensure that the *smoke alarms* contained in the *building*:
 - a) are installed with permanent connections to an electrical circuit;
 - b) have no disconnect switches between the overcurrent device and the *smoke alarm*; and
 - c) are inspected and tested at least once in every 12 months to ensure that they are still in place and operable.
- 7) Subject to subsection 6), *smoke alarms* shall be installed in conformance with the manufacturer's instructions and the Canadian Electrical Code.
- 8) *Smoke alarms* shall be maintained in an operable condition at all times.

- 9) The *owner* of a *building* or the *owner's* authorized agent shall conduct all inspections and testing required by subsections 4) and 6).
- 10) The *owner* of a *building* subject to Section 6), shall maintain a record of all inspections and tests required pursuant to subsection 6) c).
- 11) Where the *authority having jurisdiction* requests a copy of any record required to be kept pursuant to subsection 10), the *owner* or the *owner's* authorized agent shall immediately produce the original record and provide a copy of the record within 24 hours.
- 12) The record required by subsection 10) shall contain the following information;
 - a) the address of the *building* being inspected;
 - b) the date of the inspection;
 - c) the name of the person conducting the inspection;
 - d) the condition, maintenance and operation of the *smoke alarm*, including any deficiencies; and
 - e) any corrective measures that were taken.”

18. FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEMS

Article 2.1.3.7 is amended by adding the following subsections:

“2.1.3.7. Inspection, Maintenance and Testing of Fire Safety Devices

- 3) Every person who installs, inspects, repairs, tests or completes maintenance on a *fire protection system* in the *City* shall provide documentation of training and/or certification by a recognized authority acceptable to the *authority having jurisdiction* in accordance with subsections 4) through 7).
- 4) *Fire Alarm Systems*
 - a) Testing and/or maintenance of *fire alarm systems* must be conducted by a graduate of the Canadian Fire Alarm Association, “Fire Alarm Technology Program”, and licensed to work in Saskatchewan.
 - b) The person conducting these tests shall forward copies of all tests and documentation to the *Department*.
- 5) Automatic Sprinkler Systems and Standpipe Systems

- a) Installation, inspection, testing and maintenance of sprinkler systems designed to *NFPA 13, Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems*, and *NFPA 13R, Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems in Residential Occupancies up to and Including Four Stories in Height*, and standpipe systems designed to *NFPA 14, Standard for the Installation of Standpipes and Hose Systems* shall be performed by a journeyman sprinkler installer.
 - b) Installation, testing and maintenance of sprinkler systems designed to *NFPA 13D, Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems in One- and Two-Family Dwellings and Manufactured Homes* shall be performed by a journeyman plumber or a journeyman sprinkler installer.
- 6) Commercial Cooking Fire Suppression Systems
- a) Installation, inspection, testing and maintenance of commercial cooking fire suppression systems shall be performed by persons who are trained and certified by the manufacturer of the specific make and model of system.
- 7) Portable Fire Extinguishers
- a) Inspection, testing and maintenance of portable fire extinguishers shall be performed by persons holding a certificate in Fire Extinguisher Inspection and Maintenance.”

19. WOOD PILES

Articles 2.4.1.1. 7) and 8) are added.

“2.4.1.1. Accumulation of Combustible Materials

- 7) A person may store lumber, timber or firewood on a residential property subject to the following restrictions:
 - a) the yard or storage area shall be surrounded by a firmly anchored fence that is substantially constructed to discourage climbing and unauthorized entry;
 - b) the total amount of lumber, timber, or firewood stored on the property does not exceed one (1) cord; and

- c) the lumber, timber or firewood shall be stored at least 3 metres (10 feet) from any dwelling on the property and at least 1 metre (3 feet) from any property line.
- 8) Subsection 7) does not apply to lumber or timber, stored in accordance with Section 5.6 of the *National Fire Code*, during construction of any *building* on a residential property”.

20. OPEN AIR FIRES

Article 2.4.5.1. is repealed and the following substituted:

“2.4.5.1. Open air fires

- 1) No person being the *owner*, tenant or occupier of real property shall start or permit an open air fire to be started or continued within the *City* unless the person has obtained a permit from the *authority having jurisdiction* authorizing such a fire.
- 2) The permit shall be in the form approved by the *authority having jurisdiction* and as attached as Annex A to this Bylaw.
- 3) Notwithstanding subsection 1), a permit shall not be required for an open air fire where
 - a. the open air fire is used for cooking on a grill or barbeque fuelled by charcoal, propane or natural gas, and is contained in an engineered appliance bearing a CSA, ULC or CGA approval sticker, or
 - b. for patio fire bowls using propane, natural gas, lamp oil, fire bowl gel, citronella oil, ethanol, or standard torch fuel.

2.4.5.2. Fire Pits and Outdoor Fireplaces

- 1) *Fire pits* and outdoor fireplaces shall meet the following requirements:
 - a. the fire be contained in a non-combustible receptacle constructed of concrete, clay brick, or sheet metal with a minimum 18 gauge thickness;
 - b. the receptacle is covered with a heavy gauge metal screen with openings not exceeding 13 millimetres (½ inch); and
 - c. the size of the firebox does not exceed 75 centimetres (30 inches) in any dimension.

- 2) The fuel used in the *fire pits* and outdoor fireplaces shall be only charcoal, cut seasoned wood, or manufactured fire logs.
- 3) No person shall cause, allow or permit the burning of the following materials in a *fire pit* or outdoor fireplace:
 - a. waste, including rubbish, slimes, manure, treated or painted lumber, livestock or animal carcasses, tailings, garbage, garden refuse, or scrap;
 - b. any material classified by the *authority having jurisdiction* as a hazardous material or dangerous good; or
 - c. any material that generates black smoke or an offensive odour when burned including, but not limited to, insulation from electrical wire, rubber tires, asphalt shingles, hydrocarbons, plastics, and lumber treated with wood preservatives.
- 4) All *fire pits* or outdoor fireplaces shall be located a minimum of 3 meters (10 ft) from any combustible material, *building*, porch, deck, similar amenity space and property line. This provision shall not apply to *fire pits* or outdoor fireplaces installed in campgrounds or Recreational Vehicle (RV) Parks where *occupants* can change daily.
- 5) No *fire pit* or outdoor fireplace shall be used on a combustible deck or *balcony*.
- 6) All *fire pits* and outdoor fireplaces shall be situated on a non-combustible surface.
- 7) All *fire pits* and outdoor fireplaces shall be supervised by an adult so as to prevent the spread of fire.
- 8) If smoke from a *fire pit* or outdoor fireplace is being blown toward another property in such a manner as to cause an unreasonable interference with the use and enjoyment of another person's property, the fire shall be extinguished immediately.
- 9) *Fire pits* and outdoor fireplaces shall not be used in windy conditions conducive to creating a fire spread.

- 10) *Fire pits* and outdoor fireplaces shall be clear of overhangs such as tree branches, utility lines, and structures.
- 11) Any person that uses a *fire pit* or outdoor fireplace shall ensure that a means of extinguishing the fire is readily accessible at all times while the fire is burning.
- 12) The *authority having jurisdiction* may order any fire extinguished without cause during the hours of 1:00 AM and 11:00 AM.
- 13) Where requested by the *Fire Chief*, a Fire Inspector or a peace officer, a person shall extinguish a fire in a *fire pit* or outdoor fireplace and shall not re-light the fire for a period of 12 hours.
- 14) Notwithstanding any provisions of this bylaw, the *Fire Chief* may declare a complete ban of burning of any kind in the *City*.
- 15) The *Fire Chief* shall coordinate fire bans with the appropriate Ministry of the Government of Saskatchewan.
- 16) No person shall ignite or allow any kind of fire to be ignited, in a fire pit requiring a permit, when a complete ban on burning has been declared by the *Fire Chief*."

2.4.5.3. Indoor Fireplaces and Wood Burning Stoves

- 1) The fuel used in fireplaces and wood burning stoves shall be only cut seasoned wood, manufactured fire logs, or wood pellets.
- 2) Burning of treated wood or any substance that causes unpleasant odors or excess amounts of smoke is strictly prohibited.

21. VACANT AND FIRE DAMAGED BUILDINGS

Article 2.4.6.1. is repealed and the following substituted:

"2.4.6.1. Vacant Buildings

- 1) Vacant *buildings* shall be secured by the *owner* against unauthorized entry. (See Appendix A.)

- 2) All exterior windows and doors, whether broken or intact, on the *first storey* of a vacant *building* shall be boarded up to prevent unauthorized entry.
- 3) All broken exterior window on any storey above the *first storey* of a vacant *building* shall be boarded up to prevent unauthorized entry.
- 4) The boards used to secure a vacant *building* shall be plywood, OSB (oriented strand board), or waferboard with a minimum thickness of 11 mm (7/16 inch).
- 5) Wherever possible, the boards shall be one solid piece and shall be secured to the window or door frame or brick molding using 50 mm (2 inch) gyproc screws placed approximately 250 mm (10 inches) apart.
- 6) The boards shall be cut so as to fit tightly against the door or window frames to prevent a person from prying off the boards.
- 7) In addition to the windows and doors, any other openings in the exterior of a vacant *building* shall be secured to prevent unauthorized entry or an infestation of pigeons or rodents.
- 8) A *building* that has been left vacant for a period exceeding 24 months may be ordered by the *Fire Chief* to be removed or demolished in accordance with Section 33 (1)(b)(ii) of the *Act* and should the *owner* fail to comply, the *Fire Chief* may remove or demolish the *building* and the costs of the removal or demolition shall be a debt owed to the *City* and on failure to pay the debt within 30 days, the costs shall be added to the taxes on the property in accordance with section 36 of the *Act* and section 333 of *The Cities Act*.

2.4.6.2. Fire Damaged Buildings

- 1) Where a *building* is damaged by fire, the *owner* of the *building* shall secure the *building* against unauthorized entry immediately after the fire has been put out.
- 2) Where the *owner* is unavailable or fails to comply with section 1), the *City* may secure the *building* and the costs of securing the building shall be a debt owed to the *City* and on failure to pay the debt within 30 days, the costs shall be added to the taxes on the property in

accordance with section 36 of the *Act* and section 333 of *The Cities Act*.

- 3) The *Fire Chief* may order a fire damaged building to be removed or demolished in accordance with Section 33 (1)(b)(ii) of the *Act* and the costs of the removal or demolition shall be a debt owed to the *City* and on failure to pay the debt within 30 days, the costs shall be added to the taxes on the property in accordance with section 36 of the *Act* and section 333 of *The Cities Act*.

22. STREET NUMBER ADDRESS

The following article is added after Division B, Part 2, Article 2.5.1.5.:

“2.5.1.6. Civic Address

- 1) Every *owner* of a *building* shall install the *street* number for that *building* on the front of that *building* or in some other conspicuous location in front of the *building* so that the *street* number is clearly legible and visible from the *street*.
- 2) Where multiple occupancies and/or renters are located in one structure, the *occupancy* or *suite* number shall be displayed in such a manner that it will clearly direct responders to the correct area of the structure.”

23. OCCUPANT LOAD

Article 2.7.1.3. is repealed and the following substituted:

“2.7.1.3. Occupant Load

- 1) The maximum permissible *occupant load* for any room shall be calculated on the basis of the lesser of:
 - a. the *occupant load* calculated in accordance with Division B, Part 3, Article 3.1.17.1. of the *National Building Code*; or
 - b. the *occupant load* for which the *means of egress* are provided.
- 2) The number of occupants permitted to enter a room shall not exceed the maximum *occupant load* calculated in conformance with Subsection 1).”

24. FUEL POWERED VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT

The following article is added after Division B, Part 2, Article 2.7.3.1.:

“2.7.4 Enclosed Parking Facilities

2.7.4.1. Vehicles Fuelled with Propane

- 1) No person shall park a vehicle fuelled with propane in any underground or enclosed parking facility attached to a multi-*suite* residential, *business and personal services*, or *mercantile occupancy*.
- 2) The *owner* of every underground or enclosed parking facility shall post signs to indicate the parking prohibition for vehicles fuelled with propane in conspicuous locations near the principle entrances to the parking facility.
- 3) Signs required by this section shall have lettering not less than 100mm high with 15mm stroke.
- 4) No person shall park any recreation vehicle including a motorhome, travel trailer, van motorhome, fifth wheel, tent trailer, truck camper, or similar vehicle that has a propane tank attached to it for any use, in any underground or enclosed parking facility attached to a multi-*suite* residential, *business and personal services*, or *mercantile occupancy*.”

25. MAINTENANCE OF HYDRANTS

The following article is added after Division B, Part 6, Article 6.4.1.1.:

“6.4.1.2. Maintenance of Fire Hydrants

- 4) No person shall erect, place, allow or maintain a fence, shrub, tree or other object, or pile snow;
 - a. within one metre of a fire hydrant;
 - b. in a manner that impedes the visibility of the hydrant from the *street*; or
 - c. in a way that creates an obstruction to *Department* personnel.
- 5) No person shall paint, discolour, decorate or otherwise alter the appearance of a fire hydrant.

- 6) No person shall use, take water from, or mechanically open any fire hydrant in the *City* without first obtaining the permission of the General Manager of Infrastructure and Operations.
- 7) Persons requiring fire flow information for development purposes shall obtain the required hydrant flows from the Swift Current Fire Department and shall pay a fee as approved by *Council*.
- 8) Water flow tests shall be conducted on a schedule as determined by the *Fire Chief* to determine the water flow capability and the steamer port cap shall be color coded in accordance with Appendix D to *NFPA 24* as follows:

a. 5680 L/min or greater	Light Blue
b. 3785 – 5675 L/min	Green
c. 1900 – 3780 L/min	Orange
d. Less than 1900 L/min	Red

6.4.1.3. Private Fire Hydrants

- 1) Private fire hydrants shall be maintained in accordance with article 6.4.1.2.
- 2) If for any reason, a private hydrant is to be taken out of service, the *owner* shall notify the *Fire Chief* in writing stating the reason it is out of service and the expected date of return to service.
- 3) The *Department* is authorized to enter on private property to flow test private fire hydrants on a schedule as determined by the *Fire Chief*.
- 4) The *City* Public Works Department shall provide annual flushing in accordance with their adopted schedule for flushing municipal hydrants and any defects observed at this time shall be reported to the property *owner* and to the *Fire Chief*.
- 5) The *City* Public Works Department may provide maintenance and repair services for private fire hydrants and the costs of such services shall be a debt due to the *City* and should the property *owner* fail to pay such debt within 30 days, the amount owing shall be added to the taxes on the property.

PART IV – FIREWORKS AND PYROTECHNICS

26. FIREWORKS AND PYROTECHNICS

- 1) Application
 - a. This section shall apply to the manufacture, handling, transportation, sale and use of *fireworks* and pyrotechnics within the *City*.
 - b. This section shall apply to *flying lanterns*.
 - c. This section shall not apply to the sale and use of toy caps in paper or plastic format containing less than 3 milligrams of explosives.
 - d. This section shall not apply to sparklers up to 14" in length.
 - e. This section shall not apply to road flares, emergency flares, railroad flares and torpedoes, signalling flares, or military ordinance.

- 2) Manufacture of *Fireworks* and Pyrotechnics
 - a. No person shall manufacture *fireworks* or pyrotechnics within the *City*.

- 3) Sale of *Fireworks* and Pyrotechnics
 - a. No person shall sell or offer to sell *low hazard recreational fireworks* within the *City*.
 - b. No person shall sell or offer to sell *high hazard fireworks* within the *City*.
 - c. No person shall sell or offer to sell pyrotechnics within the *City*.
 - d. No person shall sell or offer to sell *flying lanterns*.
 - e. Notwithstanding the above, model rocket engines may be sold within the *City* subject to Section 26. 7).

- 4) *Fireworks Displays*
 - a. A public *fireworks display* shall only be held in public locations approved and designated by the *Department*.
 - b. A public *fireworks display* shall be held at the time and location set out in the permit obtained from the *Department* in the form attached as Annex B.
 - c. A permit for a public *fireworks display* using *high hazard fireworks* shall only be issued to persons holding a valid *Display Supervisor, or Display Supervisor With Endorsements* certificate issued by Natural Resources Canada. Applicants with *Display Supervisor* accreditation from other jurisdictions shall not receive a permit unless the *Fire Chief* is satisfied that the applicant is properly trained and qualified in the use of *high hazard fireworks*.
 - d. The applicant for a permit for a public *fireworks display* using *high hazard fireworks* shall procure and provide to the *Department* at least 14 days prior to the scheduled date of the display, a certificate of insurance which shall name the *City* as the insured under the applicant's insurance policy. The

Insurance Certificate shall indicate that the applicant has at least \$2,000,000.00 of public liability insurance.

- e. A public *fireworks display* using *high hazard fireworks* shall only be held if the display is conducted under the supervision of a *Display Supervisor*.
- f. A public *fireworks display* shall be conducted in accordance with Article 5.1.1.3 of the *National Fire Code* and the Display Fireworks Manual published by Natural Resources Canada.
- g. At the conclusion of the public *fireworks display*, all unused *fireworks* and debris shall immediately be removed and disposed of by the person holding the permit to conduct the display.

5) *Pyrotechnics Displays*

- a. The handling, storage and use of indoor pyrotechnics shall be in conformance with *The Explosives Act* and its Regulations, and the *National Fire Code*.
- b. No person shall hold a *pyrotechnics display* without first obtaining a permit from the *Department* in the form attached as Annex B.
- c. A permit for an indoor *pyrotechnics display* shall only be issued to persons holding a valid *Pyrotechnician*, *Senior Pyrotechnician*, or *Special Effects Pyrotechnician* certificate issued by Natural Resources Canada. Applicants with pyrotechnic accreditation from another jurisdiction shall not receive a permit unless the *Fire Chief* is satisfied that the applicant is properly trained and qualified in indoor pyrotechnics.
- d. The applicant for a permit for an indoor *pyrotechnics display* shall procure and provide to the *Department* at least 14 days prior to the scheduled date of the display, a certificate of insurance which shall name the *City* as the insured under the applicant's insurance policy. The Insurance Certificate shall indicate that the applicant has at least \$5,000,000.00 of public liability insurance.
- e. A *pyrotechnics display* shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the current edition of the Special Effects Pyrotechnics Manual published by Natural Resources Canada.
- f. No permit for an indoor *pyrotechnics display* will be issued until written permission is received, by the *Department*, from the *owner* or *owner's agent* of the *building*, structure, or premise in which the display will take place.

6) *Low Hazard Recreational Fireworks*

- a. With the exception of a permitted public display, no person shall discharge *fireworks* within the limits of the City of Swift Current
- b. No person shall light, display or otherwise use *flying lanterns* within the limits of the City of Swift Current.

- 7) Model Rocket Engines and Model Rockets
 - a. Commercially manufactured model rocket engines may be sold, offered for sale and displayed for sale in the *City* if they are:
 - i. displayed in a display case that is not accessible to the public;
 - ii. the display case is not in direct sunlight or exposed to excessive heat;
 - iii. the display does not exceed 25 kilograms of model rocket engines gross weight; and
 - iv. the model rocket engines are dispensed from the display case only by the vendor or the vendor's employees.
 - b. No person shall sell any model rocket engines to another person unless the person is 18 years of age or older.
 - c. No person shall set off model rockets on a school site without the prior written permission of the Board of Education that owns the site.
 - d. No person shall set off model rockets on any *City* owned property, public parks, walkways, paths, parking lots, recreation fields or playgrounds with the exception of the Windscape Field located south of Marston Street West and east of 11th Avenue Southwest.

PART V – FIRE CODE BUILDING PERMITS

27. CONSTRUCTION PLANS

- 1) When a building permit has been obtained under the requirements of the Building Bylaw for construction of new buildings or renovations to existing buildings that are subject to the National Building Code, the plans submitted to the Building Department shall be reviewed by the Fire Department for compliance with National Fire Code requirements.
- 2) The building permit fees shall be deemed to cover the cost of the Fire Department review and any oversight of the construction project by Fire Department personnel.

28. FIRE CODE PLANS REVIEW

- 1) New facilities and existing facilities undergoing renovations, to which Parts 3, 4, and 5 of the National Fire Code apply, shall obtain a building permit from the Building Department in accordance with sections 4 and 5 of the Building Bylaw.
- 2) The Fire Department shall review all plans for compliance with the following National Fire Code requirements;
 - a. Part 3 – Indoor and Outdoor Storage
 - b. Part 4 – Flammable and Combustible Liquids

c. Part 5 – Hazardous Processes and Operations

- 3) The building permit fee for projects under this section shall be credited to the Fire Department budget.

PART VI – ENFORCEMENT

29. SPECIAL AUTHORITIES OF THE FIRE CHIEF

- 1) The *Fire Chief*, or his designate, has authority to manage and control any and all emergency situations.
- 2) The *Fire Chief*, or his designate, may call upon all or any person to assist in the suppression of a fire or in the stabilization of an emergency situation, and all persons called upon shall obey the commands of the *Fire Chief* or his designate.
- 3) The *Fire Chief*, or his designate, may make such orders as are deemed necessary in order to eliminate any discharge of *dangerous goods* and to temporarily shut down any activity or operation suspected of being the source of a discharge of *dangerous goods*.
- 4) The *Fire Chief*, or his designate, may prescribe the limits within which no person or vehicle shall be permitted and shall have the power to close any *street* or lane to the public for the duration of a fire or emergency and any related operations.
- 5) The *Fire Chief*, or his designate, has authority to evacuate or cause to be evacuated any *premises, building*, or structure in the *City* or any area of the *City* when deemed necessary in his judgement to protect life, property, or the environment from the effects of an ongoing emergency incident.
- 6) This Bylaw shall be enforced by the *Fire Chief* and any municipal inspector appointed by the *Fire Chief* pursuant to Section 2 of the *Fire Safety Act*.
- 7) The *Fire Chief* or a municipal inspector may enforce the following sections of the Traffic Bylaw #3-1996:
 - a. 7.3 – Driving over a fire hose,
 - b. 13.2.1 – Parking in no parking areas around the fire hall,
 - c. 13.2.7 – Parking within 5m of a fire station driveway,
 - d. 15.2 – Parking in front of a fire hydrant,
 - e. 25.2 – Parking in a fire lane,
 - f. 52.2 & 52.3 – Parking of vehicles carrying dangerous goods

30. CORRECTION OF IMMEDIATE HAZARDS

- 1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Bylaw, where in the course of an investigation or inspection under this Bylaw, the *Fire Chief* is of the opinion that a condition exists creating a serious danger to life or property, the *Fire chief* may:
 - a. use any measures that the *Fire Chief* considers appropriate to remove or lessen the condition;
 - b. evacuate and close the *building*, structure, premise or yard where the condition exists or any area surrounding such location for any period that the *Fire Chief* considers appropriate;
 - c. order the number of *occupants* in an *assembly occupancy* to be reduced to a number less than the posted *occupant* load or the *occupant* load for which the room was designed; and order the *owner*, operator or *occupant* to immediately do anything necessary to lessen the condition.
 - d. for greater certainty, the *Fire Chief* may order the *owner*, operator or *occupant* to demolish a *building* or structure, to remove any debris and waste material and to fill in any open basement or excavation remaining on the site of the *building* or structure after its demolition.
- 2) If closed under 1) b., the *Fire Chief* shall, if possible, placard the *building*, structure, premise, yard or area as a serious danger to life or property.
- 3) No person shall enter, attempt to enter, or tamper with a *building*, structure, premise, yard or area that has been closed under clause 1) b. without the prior approval of the *Fire Chief*.
- 4) No person shall take down, cover up, mutilate, deface or alter a placard posted under subsection 2).
- 5) The costs and expenses incurred under this Section are a debt due to the *City* and may be recovered from the *owner* of the *building*, structure, premise, yard or area in or on which the work was carried out.
- 6) If the costs and expenses mentioned in Subsection 5) are not paid within 30 days of when the work was carried out, the *City* may add the amount of the costs and expenses to the *owner*'s property taxes in accordance with Section 36 of the *Fire Safety Act* and Section 333 of *The Cities Act*.

PART VII – OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

31. OWNERS RESPONSIBILITY

- 1) Every *owner* of a *premises* shall ensure that the premises is designed, constructed, erected, placed, altered, repaired, demolished, relocated or removed in accordance with the *Act*, the regulations, any order made pursuant to the *Act* and this bylaw.
- 2) Every *owner* and *occupant* of land shall ensure that the land is used or occupied in accordance with the *Act*, the regulations, any order made pursuant to the *Act* and this bylaw.
- 3) Unless otherwise specified, the *owner* or the *owner's* authorized agent shall be responsible for carrying out the provisions of this bylaw.

32. DIRECTORS, ETC., OF CORPORATIONS

If a corporation contravenes any provision of Part VII, any officer, director or agent of the corporation who directed, authorized, assented to, acquiesced in or participated in the commission of the offence is guilty of the offence and liable on summary conviction to the penalties mentioned in Part VII whether or not the corporation has been prosecuted or convicted.

33. NOTICE OF VIOLATION OFFENSES

- 1) Every person commits an offence who:
 - a. fails to maintain a clear and unobstructed *exit* or *means of egress* as required by the *National Fire Code*;
 - b. fails to maintain a fire *exit* door or fire *exit* hardware as required by the *National Fire Code*;
 - c. fails to ensure exterior passageways and exterior *exit* stairs serving occupied *buildings* are maintained clear of ice and snow accumulations as required by the *National Fire Code*;
 - d. fails to maintain, service or test portable fire extinguishers as required by the *National Fire Code*;
 - e. fails to maintain, service or test an automatic sprinkler system as required by the *National Fire Code*;
 - f. fails to maintain, service or test commercial cooking equipment including exhaust and *fire protection systems* as required by the *National Fire Code*;

- g. fails to maintain, service or test special extinguishing systems as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- h. fails to maintain, service or test *fire alarm systems* and components as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- i. fails to maintain, service or test a standpipe system as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- j. permits combustible materials or waste combustible materials to accumulate in or around *buildings* or locations that create an undue fire hazard as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- k. blocks or wedges open a *closure* of a *fire separation* required by the *National Fire Code*;
- l. fails to maintain *fire separations* as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- m. obscures, obstructs or fails to maintain a fire hydrant as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- n. obscures or obstructs a fire department connection as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- o. fails to maintain a clear and unobstructed fire lane as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- p. fails to maintain *exit* signs as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- q. fails to maintain emergency lighting as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- r. fails to post an *occupant* load sign as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- s. contravenes any of the provisions regarding the sale of *fireworks* or pyrotechnics as required by this bylaw;
- t. contravenes any of the provisions regarding the discharge of *fireworks* or pyrotechnics as required by this bylaw;
- u. fails to obtain an indoor fireworks or pyrotechnics permit as required by this Bylaw;
- v. fails to obtain a high hazard fireworks display permit as required by this Bylaw;
- w. contravenes any provisions relating to *smoke alarms* as required by this bylaw;
- x. fails to maintain 45 cm (18 inch) clearance between sprinkler heads and products as required by the *National Fire Code*;
- y. contravenes any of the provisions regarding open air fires as required by this bylaw;
- z. contravenes any of the provisions relating to *fire pits* and outdoor fireplaces or indoor fireplaces as required by this bylaw;
- aa. stores *flammable liquids*, compressed gases or dangerous goods in any *building*, structure or open space except in a manner provided for in the *National Fire Code*;
- bb. stores lumber, timber or firewood in contravention of this bylaw;
- cc. negligently causes a false alarm of fire to be transmitted to the fire department;

- dd. fails to notify a fire alarm monitoring company and/or the fire department that they will be testing, maintaining, repairing or otherwise working on a fire alarm system causing a false alarm of fire to be transmitted to the fire department, or;
 - ee. contravenes any of the provisions of Section 5.6 of the *National Fire Code* respecting construction and demolition site safety.
 - ff. contravenes any of the provisions of the National Fire Code not expressly listed in items a through ff
- 2) When the *Fire Chief* or a municipal inspector has a reason to believe that a person has contravened any provisions of subsection 32 (1) of this Bylaw, the *Fire Chief* or a municipal inspector may issue a notice of violation to the person in contravention.
 - 3) Where a notice of violation is issued, a person may make a voluntary payment of the fine amount listed in Schedule "A" for that violation, if the person does so before the specified date set out on the notice of violation.
 - 4) When the *Fire Chief* or a municipal inspector issues a notice of violation for a second offence for the same contravention of a provision of subsection 32 (1), the *Fire Chief* or municipal inspector may double the amount of the voluntary payment listed in Schedule "A".
 - 5) When the *Fire Chief* or a municipal inspector issues a notice of violation for a third or subsequent offence for the same contravention of a provision of subsection 32 (1), the *Fire Chief* or municipal inspector may triple the amount of the voluntary payment listed in Schedule "A".
 - 6) Where the *Fire Chief* or any other agency approved by the *Fire Chief* receives a voluntary payment of the prescribed amount in Schedule "A" before a summons is issued, the person receiving the notice of violation shall not be liable to prosecution for the alleged contravention.
 - 7) Where the *Fire Chief* receives payment for contravening any provision of section 32 (1) of this Bylaw within 10 days after the issuance of the notice of violation, the *Fire Chief* or any other agency approved by the *Fire Chief* may reduce the prescribed amount by \$50.

34. GENERAL PENALTY

- 1) No person shall:
 - a. fail to comply with an order issued pursuant to this bylaw;

- b. obstruct or hinder the *Fire Chief* or a municipal inspector or a bylaw enforcement officer or a designated officer acting under the authority of this bylaw; or
 - c. fail to comply with any other provisions of this bylaw.
- 2) Except where a penalty is specifically provided for in this bylaw, every person who contravenes any provision of this bylaw is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine in accordance with Section 42 of the *Act*
- 3) Notwithstanding subsection 32, every person who contravenes any provision of this Bylaw is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction:
- a. in the case of an individual, to a fine of not more than \$10,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, to a further fine of not more than \$5,000 for each day or part of a day during which the offence continues;
 - b. in the case of a corporation, to a fine of not more than \$25,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, to a further fine of not more than \$10,000 for each day or part of a day during which the offence continues.
- 4) A conviction for an offence for failing to comply with an order does not relieve the person convicted from complying with the order and the convicting judge or justice of the peace may, in addition to any fine imposed, order the person to do any act or work, within a specified time, to comply with the order with respect to which the person was convicted.
- 5) The *Court* may, in default of payment of a fine imposed by this Bylaw, order imprisonment of an individual for a term not exceeding one year.

PART VIII - MISCELLANEOUS

35. RECOVERY OF EXPENSES

Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Bylaw and in accordance with Section 333 of *The Cities Act*, anytime an *owner*, tenant or *occupant* responsible for a *building* or *premises* refuses or neglects to do any matter or thing required to be done by him hereunder by the *authority having jurisdiction* and the matter or thing is done by the *City*, the *City* may recover the expenses of doing so by adding the expenses to, and they thereby form part of, the taxes on the land on which or with respect to which the work is done.

36. FEES FOR SERVICES

- 1) In accordance with Section 33 of *The Cities Act*, the *City* may enter into an agreement with any other municipality, municipal government, Indian Band, First Nation, corporation, person or other properly constituted authority, organization or agency for the furnishing of or receiving of firefighting services, fire prevention services, rescue services, or emergency services on any terms that may be agreed upon, including the setting and payment of charges, by resolution of *Council*.
- 2) The *Department* is authorized to charge fees for various services, tests, and emergency responses, and said fees shall be established by resolution of *Council* on the advice of the *Fire Chief*.

37. SERVICE OF NOTICE OR DOCUMENTS

- 1) Unless otherwise provided in this bylaw, any notice, order, or document required by the bylaw to be given or served is to be served personally or mailed by ordinary or registered mail to the last known address of the person being served or by any other prescribed means.
- 2) A notice, order or document directed to the *occupants* of a *premises* that contains two or more units intended for separate occupancy is deemed to have been served on each *occupant* by posting a copy of the notice, order or document in a conspicuous place on the land or *premises* to which the notice, order or document relates.
- 3) A notice, order or document served by ordinary mail or registered mail is deemed to have been received on the seventh business day following the day of its mailing, unless the person to whom it was mailed establishes that, through no fault of the person, he or she did not receive the document or that he or she received it at a later date.
- 4) In a case where the *owner* or *occupant* of a *premises* cannot be located and the last known address cannot be determined, a notice, order or document may be posted on the front entrance to the *premises* and is deemed to be served on that person on the date of posting.
- 5) Irregularity in the service of a notice, order or document does not affect the validity of an otherwise valid order, notice or document.

38. IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY

- 1) Neither this Bylaw nor the *National Fire Code* shall be construed to hold the *City* of Swift Current or its employees, responsible or liable for any damage to persons or property by reasons of:

- a. inspections authorized by this Bylaw, *The Fire Safety Act*, or *The Cities Act*;
- b. failure to carry out an inspection or re-inspection;
- c. permits issued as herein provided for; or
- d. the approval or disapproval of any equipment authorized herein.

39. PRECEDENCE

This bylaw shall be deemed to take precedence over any and all provisions for the prevention of fire in any other Bylaw of the City of Swift Current.

40. SEVERABILITY

If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or other portion of this Bylaw is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any *Court* of competent jurisdiction, that portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct and independent provision and the holding of the *Court* shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of the Bylaw.

41. REPEALS

Bylaw 16-2012 is hereby repealed.

42. COMING INTO FORCE

This Bylaw shall come into force and take effect on the day of the final passing thereof.

INTRODUCED AND READ a first time this 4th day of July, 2016.

READ a second time this 4th day of July, 2016.

READ a third time and finally passed this 4th day of July, 2016.

_____ **MAYOR** _____ **ACTING CITY CLERK**

SCHEDULE "A"**FINES**

	OFFENCES	FINES
a.	fails to maintain a clear and unobstructed <i>exit</i> or <i>means of egress</i> as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
b.	fails to maintain a fire <i>exit</i> door or fire <i>exit</i> hardware as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
c.	fails to ensure exterior passageways and exterior <i>exit</i> stairs serving occupied <i>buildings</i> are maintained clear of ice and snow accumulations as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
d.	fails to maintain, service or test portable fire extinguishers as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
e.	fails to maintain, service or test an automatic sprinkler system as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
f.	fails to maintain, service or test commercial cooking equipment including exhaust and <i>fire protection systems</i> as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
g.	fails to maintain, service or test special extinguishing systems as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
h.	fails to maintain, service or test <i>fire alarm systems</i> and components as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
i.	fails to maintain, service or test a standpipe system as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
j.	permits combustible materials or waste combustible materials to accumulate in or around <i>buildings</i> or locations that create an undue fire hazard as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
k.	blocks or wedges open a <i>closure</i> of a <i>fire separation</i> required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$500
l.	fails to maintain <i>fire separations</i> as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
m.	obscures or obstructs a fire hydrant as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
n.	obscures or obstructs a fire department connection as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
o.	fails to maintain a clear and unobstructed fire lane as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
p.	fails to maintain <i>exit</i> signs as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
q.	fails to maintain emergency lighting as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
r.	fails to post an <i>occupant</i> load sign as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
s.	contravenes any of the provisions regarding the sale of <i>fireworks</i> or pyrotechnics as required by this bylaw	\$500
t.	contravenes any of the provisions regarding the discharge of <i>fireworks</i> or pyrotechnics as required by this bylaw	\$300
u.	fails to obtain an indoor fireworks or pyrotechnics permit as required by this Bylaw	\$500
v.	fails to obtain a high hazard fireworks display permit as required by this Bylaw	\$500
w.	contravenes any provisions relating to <i>smoke alarms</i> as required by this bylaw	\$300

x.	fails to maintain 45 cm (18 inch) clearance between sprinkler heads and products as required by the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
y.	contravenes any of the provisions regarding open air fires as required by this bylaw	\$300
z.	contravenes any of the provisions relating to <i>fire pits</i> and outdoor fireplaces as required by this bylaw	\$100
aa.	stores <i>flammable liquids</i> or compressed gases in any <i>building</i> , structure or open space except in a manner provided for in the <i>National Fire Code</i>	\$300
bb.	stores lumber, timber or firewood in contravention of this bylaw	\$300
cc.	negligently causes a false alarm of fire to be transmitted to the fire department	\$300
dd.	fails to notify a fire alarm monitoring company and/or the fire department that they will be testing, maintaining, repairing or otherwise working on a fire alarm system causing a false alarm of fire to be transmitted to the fire department	\$500
ee.	contravenes any of the provisions of Section 5.6 of the <i>National Fire Code</i> respecting construction and demolition site safety	\$500
ff	contravenes any of the provisions of the National Fire Code not expressly listed in items a through ff	\$500

PYROTECHNICS PERMIT/EVENT APPROVAL

Application Date: _____

EVENT INFORMATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fireworks Display Show | <input type="checkbox"/> Indoor Pyrotechnics Show |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Outdoor Pyrotechnics Show | <input type="checkbox"/> Movie Special Effects |

Event Name: _____

Set-up Date: _____

Set-up Time: _____

Show Date: _____

Show Time: _____

Overall Event Sponsor: _____

Contact Name: _____

Email: _____

Phone Number: _____

Fax Number: _____

Local Committee Contact: _____

Phone Number: _____

Fax Number: _____

Email: _____

APPLICATION BY SUPERVISOR

Company Name: _____

Address: _____

Phone: _____

Name

Date

Signature

APPROVAL BY LOCAL AUTHORITY

The applicant has complied with local requirements and has permission to hold a:

FIREWORKS DISPLAY PYROTECHNICS SHOW

at the location and date as stated in this application.

Name of Authorizing Officer:

Title:

Address:

Phone Number:

Date:

Signature:

Deputy Fire Chief, Swift Current Fire Department

236 Chaplin Street East S9H 5B2

306-778-2760
